

PRODUCT CODE
BS022

APPLICATION

For staining of spores.

A spore is a dormant form of the bacterium that allows it to survive drastic environmental conditions. Spores have tough outer covering made by of the protein keratin and are resistant to heat and chemicals. The keratin also resists staining, so extreme measure must be taken to stain the spore. In the Schaeffer & Fulton's Method, a primary stain Malachite green is forced into the spore by steaming the bacterial emulsion. Malachite green is water soluble and has a low affinity for cellular material, so vegetative cells may be decolorized by with water. Vegetative cells are then counter stained with Safranin.

REAGENT COMPOSITION

1. Malachite green-5%
2. Safranin O -0.50%

REAGENT PREPARATION

It is recommended to filter all stain before use.

REAGENT STORAGE AND STABILITY

Both solutions are stable up to the stated expiry date when stored at 15-25° C.
Keep tightly closed to prevent air oxidation.















PROCEDURE

- 1) Prepare smear of culture on glass slide, dry in air and fix by gentle heat.
- 2) Flood the entire slide, with aqueous malachite green/ solution-1
- 3) Steam for 3-5 minutes
- 4) Wash under running tap water
- 5) Counter stain with Safranin /solution-2 for 1-2 minutes
- 6) Wash under running tap water.
- 7) Dry the smear in air and observe under oil immersion lens.

RESULTS

- 1) Spores: Green color
- 2) Cell : Red color

SYMBOLS ON LABEL

Symbols	Signify	Symbols	Signify
	Catalogue Number		Pack Size
	Expiry Date		Volume
	Storage Condition		Lot Number
	Instruction for Use		In Vitro Diagnostics
	Manufacturing Date		Manufacturer
	Number of Tests		For Single Use Only
	EC Representative		European conformity